soldiers at Bagram Air Base. On October 3, he was flown to Incirlik, Turkey, for medical treatment. He died of cardiac arrest en route to Turkey.

His family and friends remember him as a true leader-driven, determined, and deeply committed to his country and its cause. In a message to his colleagues at the Department of Transportation sent before he left for Afghanistan, Paul wrote, "Always there echoes in my mind: duty, honor, and country. Therefore, I will do my duty as God has given me light to see.'

LTC Paul Kimbrough is survived by his father, Major Kimbrough; his son, Paul Kimbrough, Jr.; his four brothers; and his sister. I ask my colleagues to join me in extending our deepest condolences to Paul's family and friends.

Paul Kimbrough's resolve and his commitment to his country will not be forgotten. The mission continues in Afghanistan and Iraq, and we remain confident that Paul Kimbrough's courage and sacrifice will have been given in a worthy cause.

Mr. HAGEL. Mr. President, I rise to express my sympathy over the loss of Christopher Swisher, a fellow Nebraskan and staff sergeant in the United States Army. Sergeant Swisher was killed last week when his squadron was attacked while on a mission in Baghdad, Iraq. He was 26 years old.

Sergeant Swisher was one of thousands of brave American servicemen and women fighting in Iraq. Our soldiers confront danger everday-their tremendous risks and sacrifices must never be taken for granted.

A Lincoln native, Sergeant Swisher was a dedicated soldier who was committed to his family and country. His life-long interest in the military led him to overcome a learning disability and embark on a successful career in the Army.

On the frontlines of the war in Iraq, Sergeant Swisher demonstrated the courage of a leader and an American hero. Before his deployment, Sergeant Swisher told his mother, Sharon; "I'm doing what I want to be doing because I'm protecting my family, my home, and my country." In addition to his mother, Sergeant Swisher leaves behind a wife, Kristen: daughter, Alexandria; brother, Terry; and sister, Lisa. Our thoughts and prayers are with them all at this difficult time.

For his service, bravery, and sacrifice, I ask my colleagues to join me and all Americans in honoring SGT Christopher Swisher.

LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT ACT OF 2003

Mr. SMITH. Mr. President, I rise today to speak about the need for hate crimes legislation. On May 1, 2003, Senator KENNEDY and I introduced the Local Law Enforcement Enhancement Act, a bill that would add new categories to current hate crimes law, sending a signal that violence of any kind is unacceptable in our society.

I would like to describe a terrible crime that occurred in Springfield, VA. On September 7, 2003, a Muslim woman was stabbed in the back outside a Fairfax County shopping mall and called a "terrorist pig" by her assailant. The 47-year-old convert to Islam was treated at a local hospital for a 2 to 3-inch deep wound on her lower back.

I believe that Government's first duty is to defend its citizens, to defend them against the harms that come out of hate. The Local Law Enforcement Enhancement Act is a symbol that can become substance. I believe that by passing this legislation and changing current law, we can change hearts and minds as well.

HONORING THE LIFE OF MOTHER TERESA

Mr. COLEMAN. Mr. President, I ask my colleagues to join me today in recalling and honoring the life and work of a physically tiny woman with an immeasurably large dedication to serving the poorest of the world's poor. Known to the world as Mother Teresa, she fulfilled what she understood to be her vocation in the world—not as a saint, but as a human being flawed and prone to the same temptations as are we all in this Chamber. I greatly admire her faithfulness to her purpose, and her profound faith in the Maker of us all.

Mother Teresa was born in August 1910 in Albania and became a Roman Catholic nun while still a young woman. A teacher, she was assigned to a convent and school in Calcutta, where she discovered a material poverty that was scarcely believable. Whatever she had given up in dedicating her life to her vocation did not compare to the need she saw around her. She left the already demanding work of her convent to found the Missionaries of Charity, a religious order of women whose work in the world remains service to people who are abandoned, suffering, poor, and dying, wherever they may be found.

Today, when many in the world consider religious commitments as toooften contentious and divisive rather than fruitful and unifying, we do well to ponder the 50 years of work by the Missionaries of Charity in more than 700 homes and shelters established in India, Asia, Europe, and the Americas. The example they set for sacrificial giving of oneself can best be described by Mother Teresa's own statement of her mission in this life:

My community is the poor. Their security is my own. My house is the house of the poor-not just the poor, but the poorest of the poor; those who are so dirty and full of germs that no one goes near them; those who do not go to pray because they are naked; those who do not eat because they do not have the strength; those who collapse on the sidewalks knowing they are about to die while the living walk by without even looking back; those who do not cry because they have no more tears left.

Many of the people served by Mother Teresa considered her to be a living

saint. But I find her all the more remarkable because she was human, fragile, and equipped with the same stubborn human nature we all struggle with when our virtue is tried. We may count ourselves blessed if we avoid what Mother Teresa told us is the greatest poverty—that of the heart. Like her, we must keep before us those "not only hungry for bread, but hungry for love; not only naked from lack of clothing, but naked of human dignity; not only homeless for a house, but homeless for understanding and for human respect."

Mr. President, I ask that we who are privileged to serve in this body, along with all people of goodwill, join the world in remembering the life and example of one whose dedication to her duty became her love.

Mr. NELSON of Florida. Mr. President, I rise today to honor one of modern history's most caring and unconditionally loving people on the eve of her beatification. Through her work as a teacher and provider to the poor and suffering, Mother Teresa of Calcutta demonstrated the essence of what it means to love.

It was March of 2002 that I was humbled and privileged during a personal visit to the Nirmal Hriday, Pure of Heart, Home for the Dying Destitutes in Calcutta, started by Mother Teresa in 1952 to give hope and care to those with neither. Although Mother Teresa passed away 5 years earlier, the spirit of kindness and concern that nearly transcended human boundaries lived on in that small hospice, and showed on the faces of its volunteers, and shined in the smiles of nuns carrying on her work.

That day I was also honored to visit with Mother Teresa's successor, Sister Nirmala. Sister Nirmala and I spoke briefly of the importance of continuing Mother Teresa's work, and in some small way, I hope the recognition we provide will further that cause—that comfort, care, and love she gave unconditionally.

Born in 1910. Mother Teresa became a Roman Catholic nun at the age of 18. She began by teaching geography and history at St. Mary's School in Calcutta, but became anxious to aid those outside of the convent. Twenty years later, she founded the Missionaries of Charity, a religious order based on attending to the impoverished and afflicted whom no one else served. Mother Teresa later turned her focus to the establishment of care programs for AIDS victims.

Although she was the recipient of the Nobel Peace Prize in 1979, as well as the Presidential Medal of Freedom and Hospice Foundation for Homecare's Lifetime Achievement Award in 1985, Mother Teresa felt most honored by the joy of providing comfort and care to those in need.

As her beatification by Pope John

Paul II nears, we pause to reflect upon the example set forth by Mother Teresa of Calcutta. Mother Teresa demonstrated true and unconditional love

for her fellow persons, giving herself fully to their care, and shall forever be remembered as one of the world's most generous and inspiring human beings.

TAIWAN NATIONAL DAY

Mr. ALLEN. Mr. President, on the occasion of Taiwan's National Day on October 10, 2003, I wish to pay tribute to Taiwan's many achievements and to wish Taiwan President Chen Shui-bian and Ambassador C.J. Chen my very best wishes.

The Republic of China on Taiwan is a major trading partner of the United States and it subscribes to human rights, the private enterprise system, freedom and democracy. Taiwan has become a model of economic and political success. We are very proud of the achievements of the free people of Taiwan

I am honored to serve as the cochair of the Senate Taiwan Caucus, which was officially kicked off on September 17 with 11 members. We now have 14 members, and I hope more Senators will join this caucus and further strengthen the relationship between the U.S. Senate and Taiwan's Parliament and the people of America and Taiwan

Again, my congratulations to Taiwan and its people on their National Day. May you remain the land of freedom.

JENNIFER JACQUES

Mr. LEAHY. Mr. President, I rise today to recognize the achievements of an outstanding young woman. On October 8, 2003, Jennifer Jacques of Chelsea, VT, received an award from the Vision, Strength and Artistic Expression Arts Program's national contest for students with disabilities: Roadtrip: A Journey of Discovery. National recognition alone is deserving of applause and praise, but Jennifer's represents a very special and unique achievement that reaches far beyond her accomplishments in art.

Born with severe cerebral palsy, Jennifer is confined to her wheelchair. Able to control only her head and neck, she controls her wheelchair and computer, as well as her communication device, through a switch placed under her chin. A bright young woman of 18, Jennifer attends public school in Chelsea, where she is enrolled in classes with her peers.

Jennifer's art is not only a reflection of her talents, but also of her great ability to overcome the disabilities that have faced her. Working with her teachers and instructors, Jennifer directed the placement of paint on paper placed on the floor. By repeatedly driving her wheelchair over the paint, she was able to create textured paintings with striking color and design. Jennifer recently sold all of her abstract pieces that were displayed at an art show in Montpelier.

These accomplishments are a tribute to this exceptional young woman, her family and friends, her educators and instructors. Jennifer Jacques embodies what Vermont has done, what it can do, and what the future holds.

ADDITIONAL STATEMENTS

TRIBUTE TO MRS. NANCY GARDNER SEWELL

• Mr. SHELBY. Mr. President, I rise today in honor of Mrs. Nancy Gardner Sewell, a library media specialist/coordinator and head librarian at Selma High School in Selma, AL. After 36 years of exemplary commitment and dedicated service to the Selma City school system, Mrs. Sewell plans to retire on October 18, 2003.

Mrs. Sewell is an educator, media specialist, civic leader, and strong advocate for children. Since 1993, she has tenaciously served the City of Selma, AL, as the first black female elected to its city council. Mrs. Sewell is multitalented and has excelled in every avenue of her life, as indicated by the numerous honors and awards bestowed upon her by her peers and community. She has never been content with the status quo. Each endeavor throughout her rich life has been met with new and innovative ideas, insurmountable energy, and the ability to motivate people.

Born and raised in Alabama, Mrs. Sewell married her college sweetheart, retired Coach Andrew A. Sewell, and became the mother of three children, Terri, Andrew, and Anthony. Her distinguished educational background includes a bachelor of science degree from Alabama State University, a masters degree from Purdue University, and advanced course work in other graduate studies at Atlanta University and the University of Alabama.

Among many of Mrs. Sewell's outstanding achievements and honors, she pioneered the development of elementary libraries in the Selma City Schools, was instrumental in maintaining accreditation status for their libraries, implemented the "Accelerated Reader's Program," revitalized the Selma-Dallas Youth and Government Council, and lobbied for grants to improve literacy through school libraries, just to name a few.

Alabama is honored to be home to Mrs. Sewell. It is no secret that she is a woman who, day in and day out, goes above and beyond the call of duty. She is to be commended for all of her extraordinary efforts on behalf of Selma, AL, and everyone whose life she has touched.

MESSAGES FROM THE PRESIDENT

Messages from the President of the United States were communicated to the Senate by Ms. Evans, one of his secretaries.

EXECUTIVE MESSAGES REFERRED

As in executive session the Presiding Officer laid before the Senate messages from the President of the United States submitting sundry nominations which were referred to the appropriate committees

(The nominations received today are printed at the end of the Senate proceedings.)

MESSAGES FROM THE HOUSE

At 9:33 a.m., a message from the House of Representatives, delivered by Ms. Niland, one of its reading clerks, announced that the House has passed the following bills and joint resolution, in which it requests the concurrence of the Senate.

H.R. 408. An act to provide for expansion of Sleeping Bear Dunes National Lakeshore.

H.R. 708. An act to require the conveyance of certain National Forest System lands in Mendocino National Forest, California, to provide for the use of the proceeds from such conveyance for National Forest purposes, and for other purposes.

H.R. 1303. An act to amend the E-Government Act of 2002 with respect to rulemaking authority of the Judicial Conference.

H.R. 1900. An act to award a congressional gold medal to Jackie Robinson (post-humously), in recognition of his many contributions to the Nation, and to express the sense of the Congress that there should be a national day in recognition of Jackie Robinson.

H.R. 1985. An act to amend the National Housing Act to increase the maximum mortgage amount limit for FHA-insured mortgages for multifamily housing located in high-cost areas.

H.R. 2264. An act to authorize appropriations for fiscal years 2004 and 2005 to carry out the Congo Basin Forest Partnership (CBFP) program, and for other purposes.

H.R. 2297. An act to amend title 38, United States Code, to improve benefits under laws administered by the Secretary of Veterans Affairs, and for other purposes.

H.R. 2452. An act to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 339 Hicksville Road in Bethpage, New York, as the "Brian C. Hickey Post Office Building".

H.R. 2655. An act to amend and extend the Irish Peace Process Cultural and Training Program Act of 1998.

H.R. 2755. An act to authorize the President to issue posthumously to the late William "Billy" Mitchell a commission as major general, United States Army.

H.R. 2998. An act to amend title 10, United States Code, to provide permanent authority for the exemption for certain members of the uniformed services from an otherwise-applicable requirement for the payment of subsistence charges while hospitalized.

H.R. 3054. An act to amend the Policeman and Firemen's Retirement and Disability Act to permit military service previously performed by members and former members of the Metropolitan Police Department of the District of Columbia, the Fire Department of the District of Columbia, the United States Park Police, and the United States Secret Service Uniformed Division to count as creditable service for purposes of calculating retirement annulties payable to such members upon payment of a contribution by such members, and for other purposes.

H.R. 3062. An act to amend the Mineral Leasing Act to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to issue separately, for the same area, a lease for tar sand and a lease for oil and gas, and for other purposes.

H.R. 3108. An act to amend the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 and